### MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY FORM

NR Eligible: yes \_X

Property Name: National Road Mile Marker	Inventory Number: AL-V-B-327
Address: 0.1 mile west of the northwest intersection of Warfield Place and National Hwy (ALT US 40)	Historic district: yesX no
City: LaVale Zip Code: 21502	County: Allegany
USGS Quadrangle(s): Cumberland	
Property Owner: Maryland State Highway Administration	Tax Account ID Number: N/A
Tax Map Parcel Number(s): N/A Tax Map Num	nber: N/A
Project: ALT US 40: Streetsscape Improvements, LaVale Agen	ncy: Maryland State Highway Administration
Agency Prepared By: A.D. Marble & Company	
Preparer's Name: Barbara Frederick/Emma Young	Date Prepared: 3/27/2006
Documentation is presented in:	
Preparer's Eligibility Recommendation: X Eligibility recommended	d Eligibility not recommended
Criteria: X A B X C D Considerations: A	_BCDEFG
Complete if the property is a contributing or non-contributing resour	rce to a NR district/property:
Name of the District/Property:	
Inventory Number: Eligible:y	yes Listed: yes
Site visit by MHT Staff yes X no Name:	Date:
Description of Property and Justification: (Please attach map and photo)	
The National Road mile marker, located 0.1 mile west the northwest intersection US 40). The mile marker consists of two cast iron plates, measuring approximate thickness, joined together to form a faux obelisk with a pointed pyramidion. The the base, and stands in relatively good condition.	ely four-and-one-half feet high with a one-half-inch
Considering their proximity to Cumberland, the National Road mile markers local mid-nineteenth-century realignment of the National Road through LaVale, shortly posts, ca. 1835 to 1840. The National Road mile marker located at the northwest (ALT US 40) and LaVale Street stands as a testament to the post-1833 path of the detailed architectural description, history, and list of references, see the Maryland 327, on file at the Maryland Historical Trust, Crownsville, Maryland).	ly after the initial construction of cast iron mile t corner of the intersection of the National Highway ne National Road through Western Maryland. (For a
MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST REVIEW	
Eligibility recommended X Eligibility not recommended	
Criteria: X A B X C D Considerations: A	B C D E F G
MHT Comments:	
	5//
Reviewer, Office of Preservation Services	5/26/06 Date
Blante	5/29/06
Reviewer, National Register Program	Date

200601247

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Significance Evaluation

The mile maker located 0.1 mile west of the intersection of Warfield Place and the National Highway (ALT US 40) currently is in fair condition. The mile marker continues to convey its original use as a signpost for highway travelers prior to the introduction of standardized road signs.

The quality of significance in American history, architecture, archeology, engineering, and culture is present in districts, sites, buildings, structures, and objects that possess integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association, and:

- A. that are associated with events that have made a significant contribution the broad patterns of our history; or
- B. that are associated with the lives of significant persons in our past; or
- C. that embody the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of method of construction, or that represent the work of a master, or that possess high artistic values, or that represent a significant and distinguishable entity whose components may lack individual distinction; or
- D. that have yielded or may be likely to yield information important in history or prehistory.

The National Road mile marker located 0.1 mile west of the intersection of Warfield Place and the National Highway (ALT US 40) is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion A as an example of a physical attestation to the creation of the National Road and its mid-nineteenth-century signposts. The mile marker provided direction to travelers along this major east-west highway stretching westward through Maryland.

The mile marker is not eligible under Criterion B, as it has no known association with individuals of local historical importance.

The mile marker is eligible under Criterion C, as it conveys its original form as a faux obelisk National Road mile marker. The distinctive National Road mile marker, though once fairly common, is now rare, and the National Road mile marker located 0.1 mile west of the intersection of Warfield Place and the National Highway (ALT US 40) retains the original form and style of the cast iron faux obelisk.

The mile marker was not evaluated for eligibility under Criterion D as part of the current investigation.

The mile marker retains structural integrity from the period of significance with no alterations and modifications that detract from the integrity of the mile marker. Minor development along the National Highway (ALT US 40) has compromised the mile marker's integrity of setting. The marker sits atop a raised, movable, stone base, which suggests the object's relocation; therefore, the mile marker does not possess integrity of location. However, the mile marker retains integrity of design, materials, workmanship, association, and feeling.

MARYLA	ND HISTO	ORICAL	TRUST	REVI	EW							
Eligibility r	ecommen	ded		Eli	gibility not recommen	ded						
Criteria:	A	B	C	D	Considerations:	A	В	C	D	E	F	G
MHT Com		er, Offic	e of Pre	servatio	on Services			Date	×		_	
0	Revie	wer, Na	tional R	egister	Program	-		Date				

National Road Mile Marker AL-V-B-327 0.1 Mile West of the Intersection of Warfield Place and National Highway (ALT US 40), LaVale Ca. 1840 Public

The cast-iron faux obelisk mile marker was most likely placed during the mid-nineteenth-century realignment of the National Road through LaVale, shortly after the initial construction of cast iron mile posts, ca. 1835-1840. The National Road mile marker is a physical attestation to the post-1833 path of the National Road and its mid-nineteenth-century signposts. The mile marker provided direction to travelers along this major east-west highway stretching westward through Maryland.

# Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

275.5 00 00	of Property	National Road Mile	-		
historic	National R	Road Mile Marker			
other					
2. Location	on				
street and num	nber 0.1 mile west of	the NW intersection of Wa	rfield Place and Nationa	l Hwy (ALT U	JS 40) not for publication
city, town	LaVale	<del></del>			vicinity
county	Allegany				
3. Owner	of Property	(give names and mailing	addresses of all owners	s)	
name	Maryland	State Highway Administrat	ion		
street and nur	mber 707 North	Calvert Street		telephone	(410) 545-0300
city, town	Baltimore	8	state MD	zip code	21202
	Contributing Resource in Determined Eligible for the Determined Ineligible for	he National Register/Maryla the National Register/Mary			
	Other:	t or Research Report at MH	Т		
6. Classif	fication				
Categorydistrictbuilding(s)structuresiteX_object	Ownershippublicprivateboth	Current Function agriculturecommerce/tradedefensedomesticeducation _funerary	landscaperecreation/culturereligionsocialX_transportationwork in progress	Resourc Contributi	

7	n	00	cri	nti	ion
•	U	62	CI I	Pι	UII

Inventory No. AL-V-B-327

#### Condition

excellent	deteriorated
good	ruins
X fair	altered

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The National Road mile marker located 0.1 mile west of the northwest intersection of Warfield Place and the National Highway (ALT US 40) sits on the north shoulder of the National Highway (ALT US 40) in LaVale, Allegany County, Maryland.

### Description

The mile marker consists of two cast iron plates, measuring approximately four-and-one-half-feet high with a one-half-inch thickness, joined together to form a faux obelisk with a pointed pyramidion. The marker measures approximately one foot wide at the base. A thick, modern, wooden post, embedded into a stone base, is situated at the rear (north) of the marker for support. The marker sits atop a granite stone base.

Distance information is bonded to the iron plates on the east and west sides and results in raised lettering. Each line of lettering is situated in the center of the iron plate on the east and west sides. Located approximately two feet above ground level, the west side of the marker reads in bold black lettering:

5 To Cumberland

The east side of the marker reads in bold black lettering:

126 To Wheeling

To Frostburgh 6

The modern rear post replaced the original, rounded iron bar that once held the marker securely in place. In addition, the moveable stone bed, which is surrounded by a modern parking lot, suggests that the marker was at one time relocated to its current location. The mile marker exhibits cracking and rusting, and overall, is in fair condition.

### Surrounding Landscape

The mile marker is sited on the north shoulder of the National Highway (ALT US 40) in the town of LaVale. The mile marker sits on the southern edge of the parking lot for the property located at 1059 National Highway (ALT US 40). The mile marker sits atop a stone base and is surrounded by a gravel stone bed. A telephone pole slightly obscures the view of the eastern elevation. The property located at 1061 National Highway (ALT US 40) bounds the marker to the west and 1059 National Highway (ALT US 40) surrounds the marker to the north and east. The National Highway (ALT US 40) is situated to the south of the marker.

8. Signific	ance			Inventory No. AL-V-B-327
Period	Areas of Significance	Check and j	ustify below	
1600-1699 1700-1799 _X 1800-1899 1900-1999 2000-	agriculture archeology architecture art commerce communications community planning conservation	<ul> <li>economics</li> <li>education</li> <li>engineering</li> <li>entertainment/</li> <li>recreation</li> <li>ethnic heritage</li> <li>exploration/</li> <li>settlement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>health/medicine</li> <li>industry</li> <li>invention</li> <li>landscape architecture</li> <li>law</li> <li>literature</li> <li>maritime history</li> <li>military</li> </ul>	performing arts philosophy politics/government e religion science social history X transportation other:
Specific dates	Unknown		Architect/Builder Unk	nown
Construction da	cates Ca. 1835-1840			
Evaluation for:				
X	National Register	N	Maryland Register	not evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

### **National Highway**

This mile marker is one of only two National Road mile markers located between Cupler/Campground Road and the bridge over Braddock Run in LaVale. The National Road, known today as the National Highway (ALT US 40), was America's first interstate highway and winds for 750 miles through six states.

In 1806, under the Jefferson Administration, Congress authorized the building of the National Road, the first federally funded internal improvement in the United States. Construction began in 1811 out of Cumberland, Maryland, and the road followed Braddock's Road, a rough wagon track established by pioneers and traders and traveled by General Braddock in 1754. By 1818, the National Road reached the Ohio River at Wheeling, which at that time was in Virginia. Eventually, the road pushed through central Ohio, Indiana, and reached Vandalia, Illinois, in the 1830s. The roadway opened the Ohio River Valley and the Midwest for settlement and commerce.

In 1833 to 1834, the section of the road leading west out of Cumberland was re-routed off the old Braddock Road through the area that is now known as LaVale. However, by the end of the decade, construction ceased due to a lack of funds, and the ownership of the road was turned over to the states through which it passed.<sup>2</sup>

The National Road experienced a remarkable increase in traffic as the region and nation expanded throughout the nineteenth century. It was reported that by 1835, stagecoaches, Conestoga wagons, horses, mules, and foot traffic poured through the Cumberland area via the National Road.<sup>3</sup> Throughout the next decade, the National Road helped thousands of pioneers and gold seekers on their westward journey. However, by the end of the nineteenth century, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad would cross Allegany County and encourage travelers to take the train instead of traveling by horse, wagon, or foot on the National Road.

In the early twentieth century, the invention of the automobile caused a resurgence in road travel, and again, the National Road was used as the primary east-west route to the Midwest. The Federal Highway Act of 1921 established a program of federal aid to encourage states to build "an adequate and connected system of highways, interstate in character." By the mid 1920s, the grid system of numbering highways was in place, creating US Route 40 in the roadbed of the National Road. Today, the National Highway, as the National Road is now known throughout Allegany County, stretches through LaVale as ALT US 40. The road primarily operates as a secondary east-west thoroughfare to the Midwest.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Fort Necessity Battlefield Website; accessible from <a href="www.nps.gov/fone/classroom/nr3teacher.htm">www.nps.gov/fone/classroom/nr3teacher.htm</a>; accessed 14 March 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form, LaVale Toll Gate Posts, AL-V-B-001, Form on file at the Maryland Historical Trust, Crownsville, MD.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Whetzel. "Trolleys: The Forgotten Rail Lines of Allegany County." Mountain Discoveries, page 14.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Fort Necessity Battlefield Website; accessible from <a href="https://www.nps.gov/fone/classroom/nr3teacher.htm">www.nps.gov/fone/classroom/nr3teacher.htm</a>; accessed 14 March 2006.

### Inventory No. AL-V-B-327

# Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Name National Road Mile Marker Continuation Sheet

Number 8 Page 1

### National Road Mile Markers

When Congress authorized the building of the National Road in 1806, it mandated that the roadway be marked with milestones. Prior to the automobile era, mile markers were highly functional. First, they provided distance information to cities and towns. Second, they offered directions at important crossroads. Third, mile markers provided means for calculating postage and freight rates.

The National Road's first mile markers were set in the late-eighteenth century west of Baltimore along MD Route 144, the path that would eventually form the first leg of the National Road. These first mile markers were made of locally quarried granite and limestone. However, the road that stretched between Cumberland and Wheeling was aligned with two different styles of mile markers. The road builders first used stone markers on the road, but, in 1835, iron interests in Pennsylvania convinced the road engineers to replace the stone mile markers west of Cumberland with cast iron mileposts.

A total of 131 cast iron mile markers were placed at one mile intervals between Cumberland and Wheeling. Of the original 131 cast iron mile markers, about one-third survived into the twentieth century. However, with the intensive road building of the midtwentieth century, many mile markers succumbed to development, and the number of markers that remain today is unknown.

Considering their proximity to Cumberland, the National Road mile markers located in LaVale were most likely placed during the mid-nineteenth-century realignment of the National Road through LaVale, shortly after the initial construction of cast iron mile posts, ca. 1835 to 1840. The National Road mile marker located 0.1 mile west of the intersection of Warfield Place and the National Highway (ALT US 40) stands as a testament to the post-1833 path of the National Road through Western Maryland.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Brusca, Frank. "Our National Road." American Road [Internet]; available from <a href="https://www.mockturtlepress.com/arpieces/ARv1n1\_45-48.pdf">www.mockturtlepress.com/arpieces/ARv1n1\_45-48.pdf</a>; accessed 10 March 2006; page 48.

# 9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. AL-V-B-327

Brusca, Frank. "Our National Road." American Road [Internet]; available from <a href="https://www.mockturtlepress.com/arpieces/ARvln1\_45-48.pdf">www.mockturtlepress.com/arpieces/ARvln1\_45-48.pdf</a>; accessed 10 March 2006.

Fort Necessity Battlefield Website; accessible from www.nps.gov/fone/classroom/nr3teacher.htm; accessed 14 March 2006.

Raitz, Karl, ed. The National Road. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, c. 1996.

# 10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property	Not applicable	_		
Acreage of historical setting	Not applicable			
Quadrangle name	Cumberland	Quadrangle scale:	1:24,000	

### Verbal boundary description and justification

The proposed National Register boundary for the mile marker is the footprint of the marker, measuring approximately one foot wide and one foot deep at the base. The marker sits on the southern edge of the parking lot for the property located at 1059 National Highway (ALT US 40). This boundary encompasses all of the historic features of the object that directly contribute to its significance, as is required by *Defining Boundaries for National Register Properties* (National Park Service 1997).

# 11. Form Prepared by

name/title	Barbara Frederick, Emma Young		
organization	A.D. Marble & Company	date	March 27, 2006
street & number	10989 Red Run Blvd., Suite 209	telephone	(410) 902-1421
city or town	Owings Mills	state	MD

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

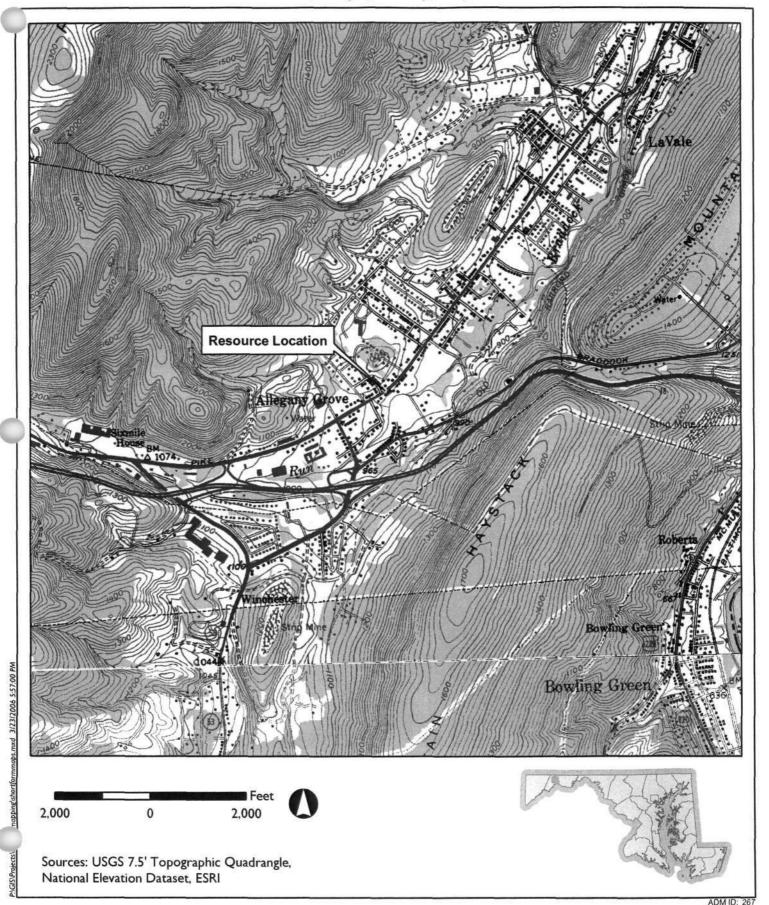
Maryland Historical Trust

DHCD/DHCP 100 Community Place Crownsville, MD 21032-2023

410-514-7600

# National Road Mile Marker, 0.1 mile west of the NW intersection of Warfield Place and National Highway (ALT US 40) (AL-V-B-327)

ALT US 40 Streetscape Improvements LaVale, Allegany County, Maryland





AL-V-B-327 National Road Mile Marker, 0.1 miles west of intersection of Warfield Place i National Hwy (ALT US 40) Allegany County, MD B. Frederick 03.2006 MD SHPO

West side; view to NE



AL-V-B-327 National Road Mile Marker, 0.1 miles west of intersection of Warfield Place & the National Hwy (ALTUS 40) Allegany County, MD B. Frederick 03,2006 MD SHPO east side; new to SW 2/3



AL-V-B-327 National Road Mile Marker, 0.1 miles west of intersection of Warfield Place , National Hwy (ALT US40) Allegany County, MD Bitrederick 03.7006 MD SHPO Rear side, view to south (north) 3/3